UMBRACOSPARK #SPARKQA

Not your grandmother's headless

NNOVATION

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\$ whoami

Long-time passionate Umbraco developer and seasoned software architect.

- Head of Development at Novicell UK
- 10+ years of experience with Umbraco (2007)



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About 3 years ago

we embarked on an exciting adventure



Decomposing the monolith

of large scale e-commerce



Approach

using microservice architecture, headless api's and assembling best of breed platforms and services



We wanted freedom of choice

CMS system, PIM system, commerce platform, recommendation engine, personalisation engine etc.



Choosing best of breed for our client

Contextual to the marked, the costumers, the competitors as well as the internal capabilities of their organisation



We are CMS Platform Agnostic





Best of breed CMS







Part of that journey

To apply headless at scale



Strategic requirements

- Performance and scalability as a first principle
 - Minimising request-time workload
 - Caching as a last resort
- Freedom to choose different .NET versions
- Freedom to choose the frontend tech stack
- Reusability, flexibility and extendability
- Headless APIs



Unfortunately

No mature headless offering was available at the time



Without headless

- No ability to isolate the workload of the website from the workload of the CMS
 - No control of ressource consumption within the website runtime (eg. database requests from within Umbraco etc.)
 - The performance and scalability of the website is affected by Umbraco
- Dependencies on the .NET version of Umbraco
- Dependencies on the frontend framework of Umbraco (ASP.NET mvc)



Luckily

We are builders



Actually

Even with a headless api, there will still be a direct performance dependency on the CMS



Why #1

Direct performance dependency on the workload



Request-time transformations

When a controller generates a view model by transforming node data. Traversing the content tree, aggregating data from multiple nodes, doing dictionary look-ups etc.



What if

we could prepare data in the desired form and update it whenever changes occur



Publish-time transformations

When a publish action generates a view model by transforming node data. Traversing the content tree, aggregating data from multiple nodes, doing dictionary look-ups etc.



Publish-time transformations

- Triggered on publish action in the Umbraco backoffice
 - Listening to Umbraco events
- Generating view models
 - Tailored for a specific page or purpose
- Storing the generated view model in fast cache-level storage
 - Without the need for TTLs and cache invalidation (hardest thing ever)
 - Whenever content changes, a new publish event triggers the existing model to be overridden



Why #2

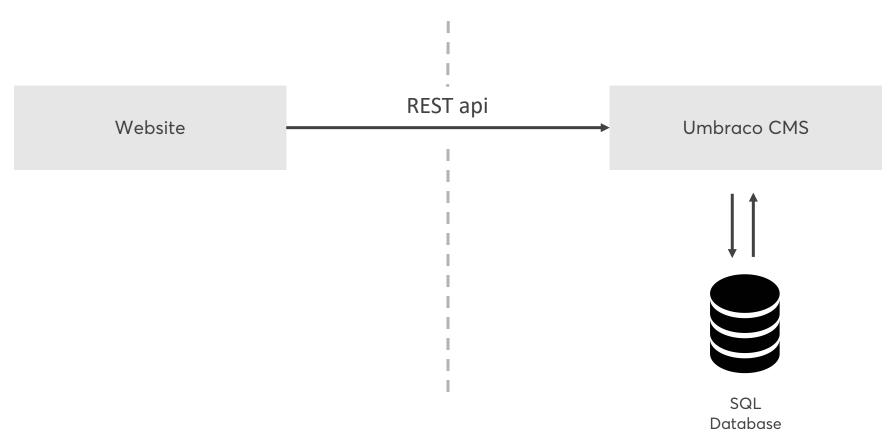
Direct performance dependency on the CMS



Direct Headless

Separation of website and CMS

But direct dependency on the CMS





Indirect Headless

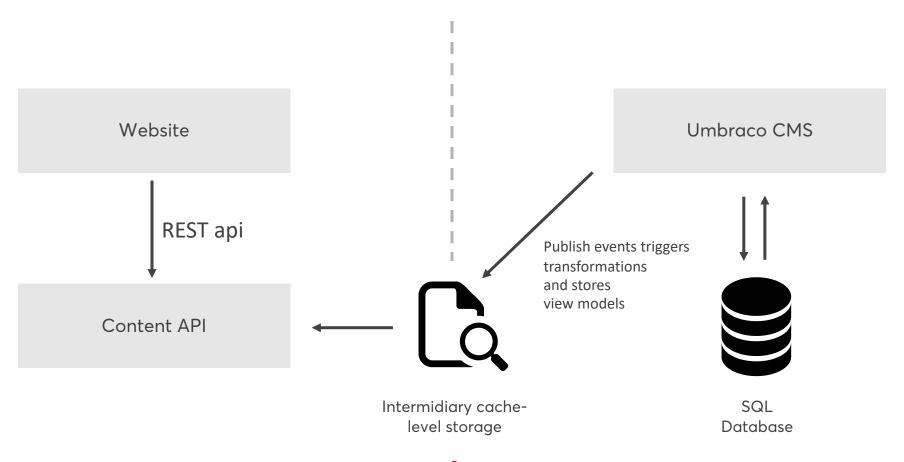
Serving up the view models directly from intermediary storage



Indirect Headless

Complete separation of website and CMS

No direct performance dependency on the CMS





Effectively

Minimising workload at request-time by displaces the workload from request-time to publish-time



Effectively

Moving the workload from our website visitor to the editor



Effectively

Removing the direct performance dependency on the CMS



Remember

We wanted freedom of choice

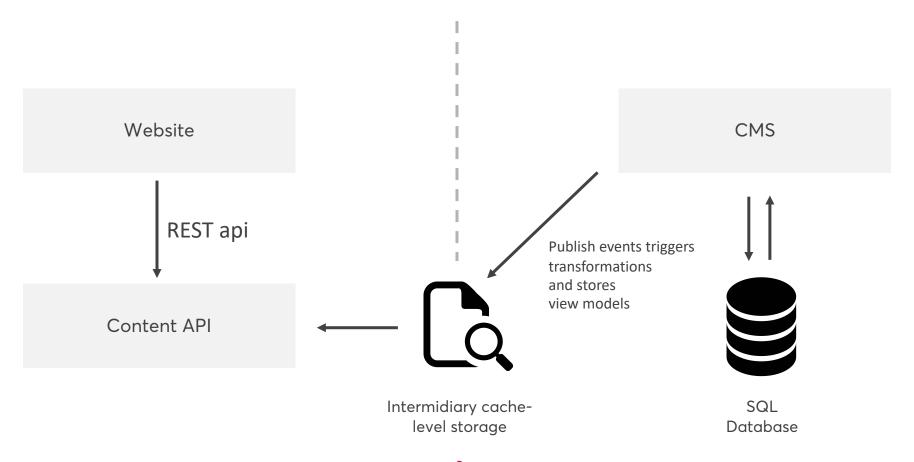


Building

A CMS agnostic headless transformation engine



CMS runtime



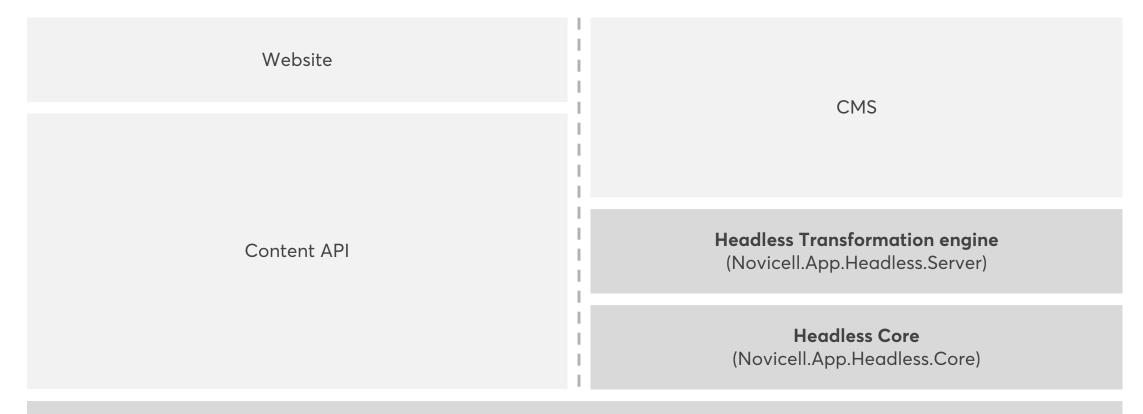


CMS runtime



Intermidiary cache-level storage

CMS runtime



Headless Storage

(Novicell.App.Headless.Storage.Redis)

CMS runtime



Headless Core

(Novicell.App.Headless.Core)

Headless Storage

(Novicell.App.Headless.Storage.Redis)

CMS runtime



Headless Core

(Novicell.App.Headless.Core)

Headless Storage

(Novicell.App.Headless.Storage.Redis)

Time for some code



Runtime configuration

API runtime

CMS runtime

Common headless configuration



Common headless configuration

```
public class HeadlessConfiguration : IHeadlessConfigurer
   public void Configurer(HeadlessConfigurator config)
       StorageConfiguration.Register(config);
       // Global elements
       ConfigureGlobalElements(config);
       // Pages
       ConfigurePages(config);
       // Compositions
       ConfigureCompositions(config);
        // Items
       ConfigureItems(config);
```



Configuring a transformation

Key for storing the view model



The view model

```
public class FrontPage : ViewModel
{
   public string Headline { get; set; }
   public IGridViewModel GridContent { get; set; }
}
```



The transformation

View model type

Transfer values to view model

```
public class FrontPageTransformation : IContentTransformation
{
    public FrontPage Transform(IContentModel content, ITransformationHelper helper, IUrlProvider urlProvider)
    {
        return new FrontPage
        {
            Headline = content.GetPropertyValue<string>( alias: "headline"),
            GridContent = content.TransformPropertyValue<IGridViewModel>( alias: "grid", helper, urlProvider)
        };
    }
}
```

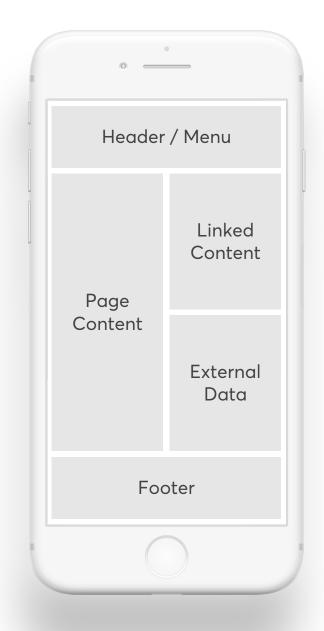


Re-visiting transformations



Anatomy of a webpage

- Global elements
 - Header, Menu, Footer etc.
- Routable content
 - Articles, Pages etc.
- Linked Content (aggregated)
 - News, Faqs, emplyees etc.
- External Data
 - Product information, prices, stock count etc.





Anatomy of a webpage

- Global elements
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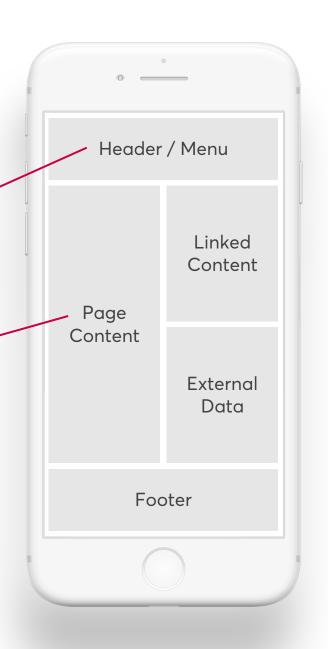
View Models



Multiple transformations

2 transformations are triggered when a FrontPage node is published:

- Menu view model
- FrontPage view model





Configuring global transformation

Register transformation on multiple doctypes

```
config.ForContent(
         params doctypes: DocumentTypes.FrontPage,
        DocumentTypes.TextPage)
    .RegisterTransformation<Navigation>(transform =>
        transform.UseKey().DynamicContentKey(DynamicKeyConstants.NavigationKey);
    });
                                                                            Navigation model key
public class DynamicKeyConstants
   public static Func<IContentModel, string> NavigationKey => $"navigation:{x.GetSiteNodeId().ToString()}";
```



A single request for aggregated content

Linking global elements to routable elements



Linking global view models

Going back to the FrontPage doctype

```
config.ForContent( params doctypes: DocumentTypes.FrontPage)
    .RegisterTransformation<FrontPage>(transform =>
    {
        transform.UseKey().RoutingKey()
        .WithDynamicPartialKeys(DynamicKeyConstants.NavigationKey);
    });
```

Linking a global element key to the FrontPage view Model



Intermediary storage

And internal data structures



Underlaying storage



- Key / value storage
 - Efficient for retrieval
- Json in NoSQL storage
 - Efficient for serialization and deserialization
- Utilising fast cache-level storage
 - Originally build using Redis for performance
 - Now also supporting CosmosDB for replicated datasets
 - And Examine, Lucene, SQL server for scaled down instances



Routing and content keys

Routing and Content is divided into two distinct key/value storages

- Routing storage:
 - keys are urls (or paths) eg. "domain.co.uk/", "/" or "/en/"
 - Only routable content has a key/value pair in the routing storage
- Content storage:
 - keys are static eg. "menu" or dynamic eg: \$"navigation: {x.SiteId()}"
 - All view models have a key/value pair in the content storage



Routing and content keys

Routing storage

• Key: "/"

Content storage

• Key: "1145"

• Key: "menu"

Key: "footer"





Routing

- Primary key
 - Key: "/"
- Routable content key
 - ContentKey: "1143" (eg. Frontpage)
- All content keys (including globals)
 - ContentKeys: ["1142", "menu", "footer"]



Meta model

```
"$type": "Novicell.App.Headless.Core.Models.Route,
Novicell.App.Headless.Core",
"RoutingKey": "/",
"Url": "http://novicell.dk/",
"Controller": "frontpageController",
"Restricted": false.
"ContentKeys": {
  "$type": "System.String[], mscorlib",
  "$values": [
    "1143",
    "menu",
    "footer"
"LinkedContentKeys": {
  "$type": "System.String[], mscorlib",
  "$values": []
"PublishAt":
               null,
"UnpublishAt": null,
"Culture": "da",
"RedirectKey": null,
"ContentKey": "1143",
"Path": "-1,1133,1143"
```

Content

- Primary key
 - Key: "1143"
- Meta information
 - Culture,
 - Scheduled publishing
 - Etc.
- View Model



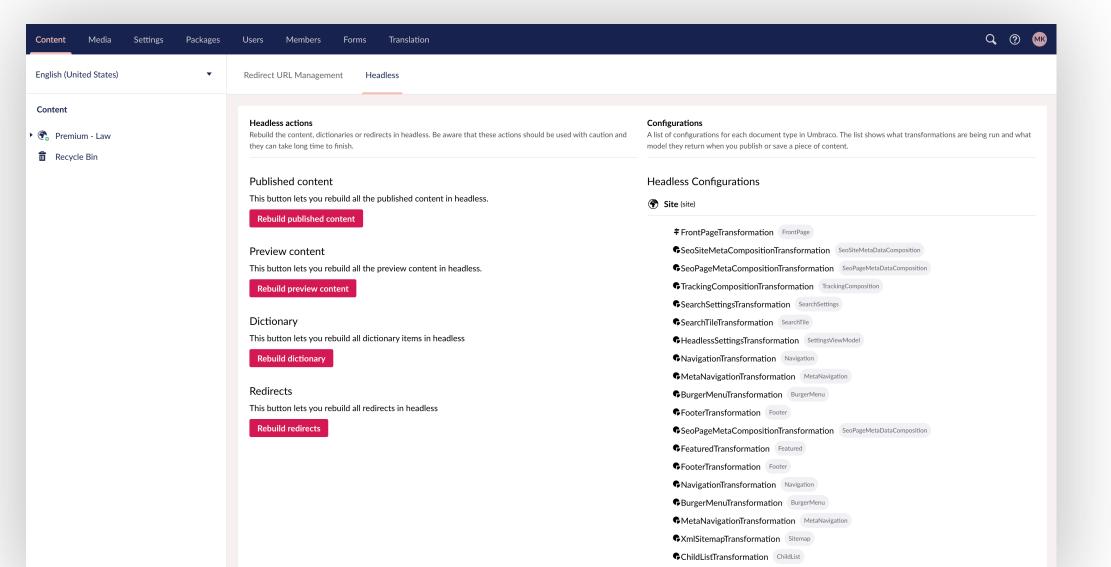
Meta model

```
"$type":
"Novicell.App.Headless.Core.Models.ContentMetaModel`1[
[Novicell.App.Headless.Core.Models.IViewModel,
Novicell.App.Headless.Core.Models]],
Novicell.App.Headless.Core",
"Key": "1143",
"ViewModel": {
  "$type":
  "Web.v8.Mvc.Website.Core.Models.FrontpageModel,
 Web.v8.Mvc.Website.Core",
 "ActiveFrom": "0001-01-01T00:00:00",
 "ActiveTo": "9999-12-31T23:59:59.9999999",
  "Headline": "A typical headline",
  "body": "<b>body</b>"
},
"Culture": "da",
"PublishAt": null,
"UnpublishAt": null,
"LastUpdatedAt": "2019-09-12T21:29:33.0904614+02:00",
"ContainsTimedVariations": false,
"LinkedContentKeys": {
  "$type": "System.String[], mscorlib",
  "$values": []
```

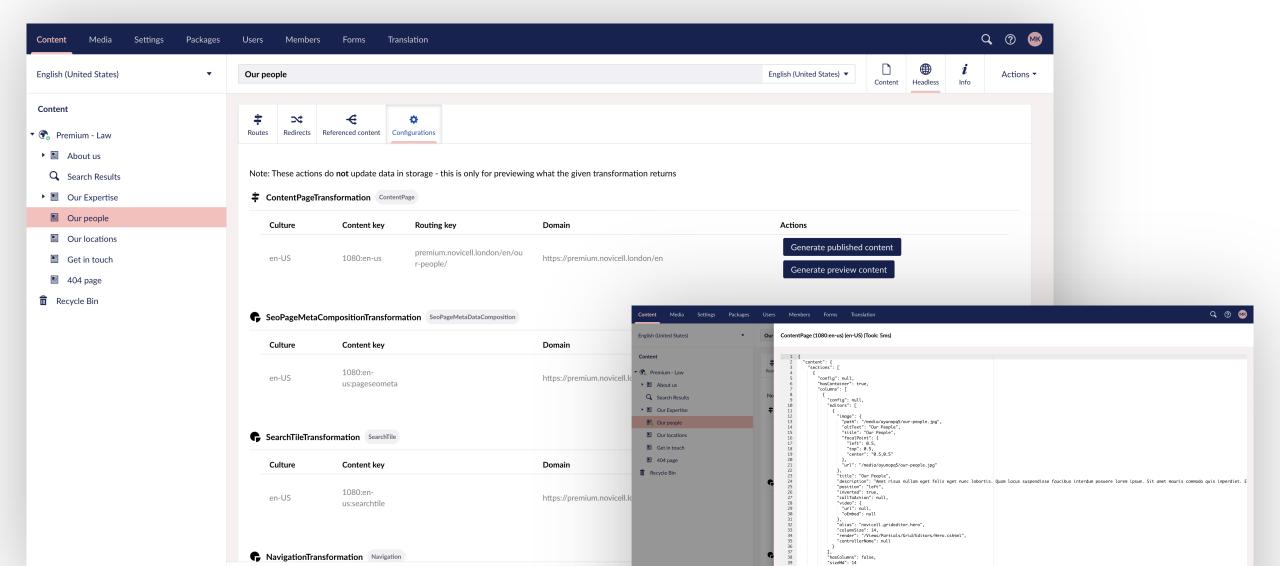
Headless backoffice extensions



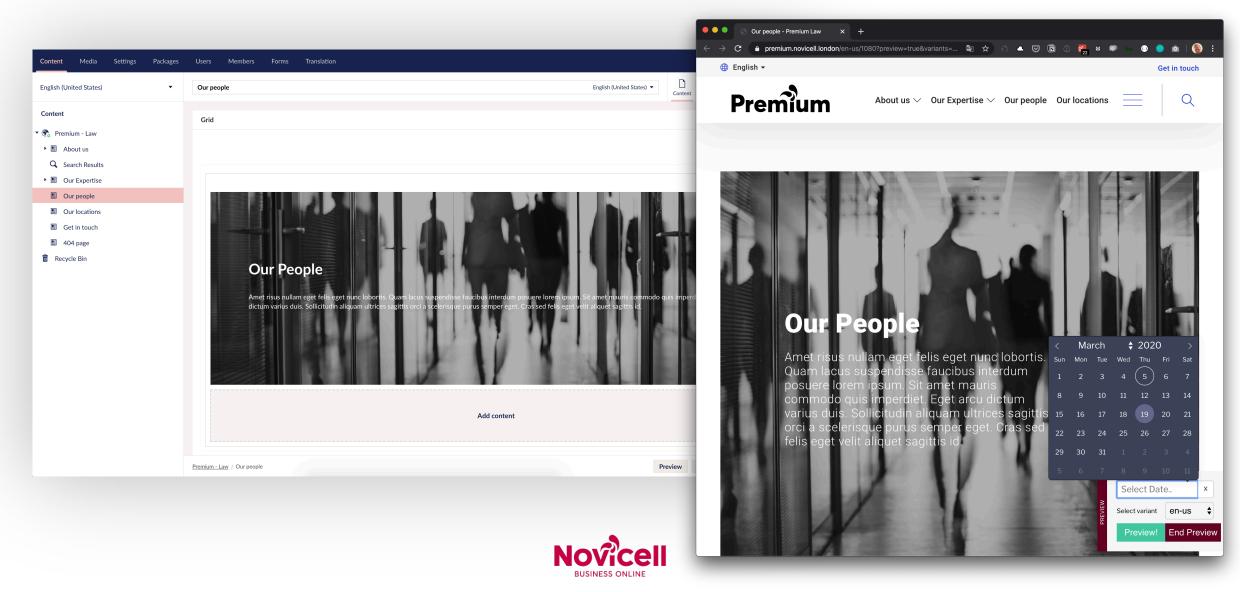
Headless Dashboard



Headless Content App



Headless Preview



Headless Preview and storage

- Extra set of storages
 - Published storage
 - Route storage
 - Content storage
 - Preview storage
 - Route storage
 - Content storage
- Preview storage is routed by id (like native preview in Umbraco) and rewritten in IIS
- Transformations are triggered on save event



Other supported features

- Dictionary service
- Routing service
- Strong typed grid transformations
- Search based on search models and view model annotations
- Taxonomy filtering, also based on view model annotations
- Linked Content
- External Linked Data
- Content listeners and View Model listeners



But what about Umbraco Heartcore?

Fantastic, use it, we didn't have the luxury



However, we still need

- Full control of the Umbraco setup
- The ability to ship custom code with Umbraco
- Performance without the need for caching with publish-time transformations and fast cache-level intermediary storage
- Aggregating Umbraco content with external data
- Since we focus on websites and not Apps, IoT or chatbots,
 we can actually still allow the editor to preview the website



THANK YOU!



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